

## ON THE CHOI-EFFROS MULTIPLICATION

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ABSTRACT. A short proof is given for the well-known Choi-Effros theorem on the structure of ranges of completely positive projections.

In this note an alternate proof is given for the following well-known and basic theorem of M. D. Choi and E. G. Effros (see Theorem 3.1 in [1]):

**Theorem 1.** *Let  $A$  be a  $C^*$ -algebra and let  $\Phi : A \rightarrow A$  be a completely positive, contractive and idempotent linear map. Then there exist a  $C^*$ -algebra  $B$  and a complete order isomorphism  $\rho : B \rightarrow \text{Ran}(\Phi)$  such that  $\rho(ab) = \Phi(\rho(a)\rho(b))$  for all  $a, b \in B$ .*

*Proof.* We may assume that  $A$  is generated, as a  $C^*$ -algebra, by  $\text{Ran}(\Phi)$ . Let  $J$  denote the closed right ideal of  $A$  generated by all operators of the form  $xy - \Phi(xy)$  with  $x, y \in \text{Ran}(\Phi)$ . We will show that  $\text{Ker}(\Phi) = J$ . Let  $z \in \text{Ker}(\Phi)$  with  $z \geq 0$  and let  $y \in A$ . Then, by the Kadison-Schwarz inequality,

$$\Phi(zy)\Phi(zy)^* \leq \|z^{1/2}y\|^2\Phi(z) = 0.$$

In particular this holds true when  $z = \Phi(x^*x) - x^*x$  for some  $x \in \text{Ran}(\Phi)$ . This shows that  $J \subset \text{Ker}(\Phi)$ . We will now show, by induction over  $k$ , that if  $u = x_1 \cdots x_k$  with  $x_j \in \text{Ran}(\Phi)$  for  $j = 1, \dots, k$  then  $u - \Phi(u) \in J$ . When  $k = 1$  or  $k = 2$  this is obvious. Suppose that  $k \geq 3$  and assume it holds for  $k - 1$ . Write  $u = u_1 + u_2$  where

$$u_1 = (x_1x_2 - \Phi(x_1x_2))x_3 \cdots x_k$$

and

$$u_2 = \Phi(x_1x_2)x_3 \cdots x_k.$$

Then  $u_1 \in J$  hence  $\Phi(u_1) = 0$ , and  $u_2 - \Phi(u_2) \in J$  by the induction hypothesis. It then follows that  $\text{Ker}(\Phi) = J$  and, in particular, that  $\text{Ket}(\Phi)$  is a bilateral ideal in  $A$ . Let  $B = A/\text{Ker}(\Phi)$  and let  $\rho : B \rightarrow \text{Ran}(\Phi)$  be the quotient map induced by  $\Phi$ . It is now routine to see that the couple  $(B, \rho)$  has all the properties we were looking for. □

## REFERENCES

- [1] M.D. Choi, E.G. Effros, *Injectivity and operator spaces*, J. Functional Analysis , **24** (1977), no. 2, 156–209.

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